

Deliverable 7.7

Data Management Plan Updated (2nd)

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Technical References

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¹ PU = Public

PP = Restricted to other programme participants (including the Commission Services)

RE = Restricted to a group specified by the consortium (including the Commission Services)

CO = Confidential, only for members of the consortium (including the Commission Services)





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Executive Summary

The purpose of the Data Management Plan (DMP) is to consider the many aspects of data management, data and metadata generation, data preservation- maintenance- and analysis, whilst ensuring that data is well managed at present and prepared for preservation in the future. This Data Management Plan is compiled according to the [Guidelines on FAIR Data Management in H2020](#), and the Guidelines to the Rules on the [Open Access to Scientific Publications and Open Data Access to Research Data in H2020](#).

The current document is third and final version of the DMP. The first version of the DMP established plans, policies, programmes and practices that control, protect, deliver and enhance the value of data and information assets. Based on this definition, the following process and procedures for data management have been defined:

- **Data governance, such as standards management and guidelines**
- **Data architecture, analysis and design including modelling.**
- **Data maintenance, administration, and data mapping across building blocks and solutions modules.**
- **Data security management including data access, archiving, privacy and security.**
- **Data quality management including query management, data integrity, data quality and quality assurance.**
- **Reference and master data management including data integration, external data transfer, master data management, reference data.**
- **Document, record and content management.**
- **Metadata management, i.e., metadata definition, discovery, publishing, metrics and standardization.**

The DMP provides an analysis of these elements considering all datasets to be elaborated and integrated in ULTIMATE.

The second (updated) version of the DMP provided an update on the datasets generated as part of the project. The current, final, version of the DMP reiterates the processes established and includes changes and updates based on the progress in the ULTIMATE project and insights gained in the process. More specifically, this deliverable presents an overview table with the datasets generated during ULTIMATE.





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Table of Contents

DATA MANAGEMENT PLAN UPDATED (2 ND)	1
TECHNICAL REFERENCES	2
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	4
DISCLAIMER	5
TABLE OF CONTENTS	6
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	7
1. INTRODUCTION	8
1.1. PURPOSE OF THIS DOCUMENT	8
1.2. READERS GUIDE	9
2. DATA SUMMARY	10
2.1. <i>THE PURPOSE OF THE DATA COLLECTION/GENERATION</i>	10
2.2. <i>RELATION TO THE OBJECTIVES OF THE PROJECT</i>	11
2.3. TYPES AND FORMATS OF DATA GENERATED/COLLECTED	12
2.4. REUSE OF EXISTING DATA	14
2.5. ORIGIN OF THE DATA	16
2.6. EXPECTED SIZE OF THE DATA (IF KNOWN)	17
2.7. DATA UTILITY: TO WHOM WILL IT BE USEFUL	18
3. FAIR DATA	19
3.1. MAKING DATA FINDABLE, INCLUDING PROVISIONS FOR METADATA	19
3.2. MAKING DATA OPENLY ACCESSIBLE	21
3.3. MAKING DATA INTEROPERABLE	23
3.4. INCREASE DATA RE-USE (THROUGH CLARIFYING LICENSES)	24
4. ALLOCATION OF RESOURCES	26
4.1. COSTS FOR MAKING DATA FAIR	26
4.2. RESPONSIBILITIES FOR DATA MANAGEMENT	26
4.3. COSTS AND POTENTIAL VALUE OF LONG-TERM PRESERVATION	26
5. DATA SECURITY	28
5.1. DATA RECOVERY AND SECURE STORAGE AND TRANSFER OF DATA	28
6. ETHICAL ASPECTS	30
6.1. HUMANS	30
6.2. NON-EU COUNTRIES	31
6.3. DATA PROTECTION AND COMPLIANCE WITH THE GDPR	32
7. OTHER	34
8. CONCLUSIONS	35
ANNEX 1 – LIST OF DATASETS	36





List of Abbreviations

CoP: Community of Practice

CS: Case Study

CTG: Cross Cutting Technology Group

DMP: Data Management Plan

DOI: Digital Object Identifiers

FAIR: Findability, accessibility, interoperability, and reusability

FOAF: Friend of a Friend

GDPR: General Data Protection Regulation

ICT: Information and Communications Technology

KPI: Key Performance Indicator

OGC: Open Geospatial Consortium

PM: Person Month

SNS: Social Networking Sites

TEB: Technology Evidence Base

URL: Uniform Resource Locator

UTF: Unicode Transformation Format

WP: Work Package

WSIS: Water Smart Industrial Symbiosis





1. Introduction

1.1. Purpose of this document

The purpose of the Data Management Plan (DMP) is to provide an analysis of the main elements of the data management policy that will be used by the ULTIMATE project with regards to all the datasets and information that will be generated by the project. The DMP is not a fixed document but evolves during the lifespan of the project; in fact, it functions as a dynamic document of agreements. The DMP should address the points presented below on a dataset by dataset basis and should reflect the current status of reflection within the consortium about the data that will be generated, collected, stored and processed.

In principle, publicly funded research data are a public good, produced for the public interest that should be made openly available with as few restrictions as possible in a timely and responsible manner that does not harm intellectual property. On this basis, the DMP intends to help researchers consider at an early stage, when research is being designed and planned, how data will be managed during the research process and shared afterwards with the wider research community. Moreover, the DMP is also a prerequisite to participate under the Open Research Data Pilot

The benefits of a well-designed DMP not only concern the way data are treated but also the successful outcome of the project itself. A properly planned DMP guides the researchers first to think what to do with the data and then how to collect, store and process them, etc. Furthermore, a planning in data treatment is important for addressing timely security, privacy and ethical aspects. Considering the data lifecycle, the research data are kept in track in cases of possible staff or other changes. The DMP can also increase preparedness for possible data requests. In short, planned activities, such as implementation of well-designed DMP, stand a better chance of meeting their goals than unplanned ones.

The process of planning is also a process of communication, increasingly important in a multi-partner research. The characteristics of collaboration should be accordingly harmonised among project partners from different organisations or different countries. The DMP also provides an ideal opportunity to engender best practice with regards to e.g. file formats, metadata standards, storage and risk management practices. Thus ULTIMATE is aligned to greater longevity and sustainability of data and higher quality standards.

Ultimately, the goal of ULTIMATE is not only engaging researchers in conversations with service providers, but also to connect to citizens and other stakeholders through living labs, communities of practice and the Technology Evidence Base (TEB) and





digital marketplace. In this context, the DMP is a document that not only organises data sharing, editing and monitoring among those contributing to the project. But it also governs data and information privacy and ethical aspects of data and information storage and sharing. This DMP complements the Consortium Agreement which regulates also restrictions on data sharing and Intellectual Property Management.

This DMP is modelled on the Horizon 2020 FAIR Data Management Plan (DMP) template, included as Annex 1 in the Guidelines on FAIR Data Management in Horizon 2020 (Version 3.0, 26 July 2016).

Complementary to this formal document, a digital version of the DMP has been created in the Argos Tool (see box 1) for online and dynamic maintenance during the entire ULTIMATE project. Specifically, the corresponding online version of the datasets adhered to ULTIMATE will be available in the following URL corresponding to the public online version of the DMP:

<https://argos.openaire.eu/plans/overview/39536b0f-8443-45c5-a4cd-875c15aeed37>

The DMP has also been deposited in the Zenodo repository: 10.5281/zenodo.7440912

Box 1 – ULTIMATE DMP in ARGOS tool

ARGOS Tool is an online tool to create, link and share a data management plans. It is developed by OpenAire and permit to automate the process of cataloguing and sharing data between researchers, communities and funders. Moreover, ARGOS TOOL permit also to share data according to common standards and at the end, make the DMP machine-actionable. For AquaSPICE project, we have elaborated a data management in the following URL:

1.2. Readers Guide

This deliverable is intended for use internally in the project only and provides guidance on data management to the project partners and participants. It is particularly relevant for partners responsible for data collection and pilots. The Data Management Plan (DMP) is a document that evolved as the project developed and as new procedures etc. were added or existing ones were changed. More specifically, this deliverable presents the third version of the DMP for the ULTIMATE project, building on D7.4 (M6) and D7.6 (M30).



2. Data Summary

2.1. The purpose of the data collection/generation

ULTIMATE will act as a catalyst for 'Water Smart Industrial Symbiosis' (WSIS) in which water/wastewater plays a key role both as a reusable resource but also as a vector for energy and materials to be extracted, treated, stored and reused within a dynamic socio-economic and business oriented industrial ecosystem. ULTIMATE adopts an evidence-based approach anchored on 9 large-scale demonstrations across Europe and south east Mediterranean relevant to the agro-food processing, beverages, heavy chemical/petrochemical and biotech industries (Figure 2.1).

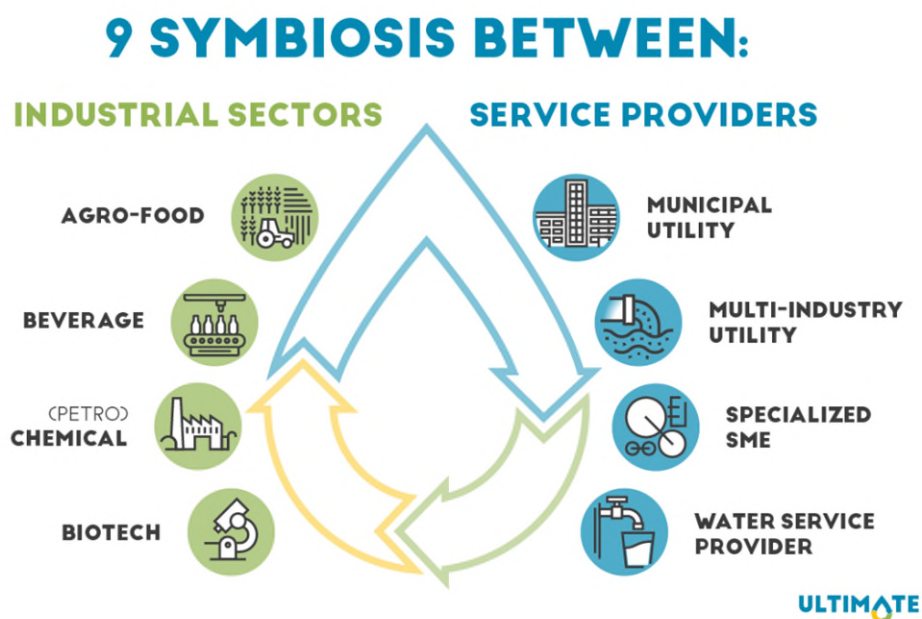


Figure 2.1: Overview of the different industries and services providers collaborating in ULTIMATE WSIS.

In order to accomplish this catalysing role, it is necessary to develop practical approaches, tools and partnerships as well as policy and legal framework conditions, which will accelerate acceptance of these technologies and will broaden the market reach and uptake. The purpose of the data collection and data generation in ULTIMATE is to provide input in the development of the WSIS approaches, the underpinning of the evidence-based approach, and to support building partnerships between business (incl. industrial and technological ecosystems), water service providers, regulators and policy makers. Furthermore, it supports the valorisation of the WSIS solutions by identifying and linking to emerging business opportunities.



2.2. Relation to the objectives of the project

ULTIMATE builds on nine **Large Scale Demonstration Cases** where next generation circular systems and services (in which water plays a key role) are either already deployed at full scale or are to be deployed in the near future, demonstrating the replication potential of the approaches in practice. These real-world demonstrations allow the creation and dissemination of a comprehensive Technology Evidence Base (TEB) (task 1.1, WP1) of the proposed solutions' effectiveness (WP1, WP2), performance (WP1), enabling conditions (WP1, WP2, WP3, WP4) and opportunities for business development (WP5). The information in the TEB will be enhanced by the outcomes of the semantic modelling of industrial processes, simulations, stress-testing, process optimization and redesigning results both at the individual and whole system levels performed in WP2. Furthermore, results from WP2's life cycle assessment, risk analysis, and cost and benefits analysis of WSIS solutions will provide insights into potential for full-scale replicability of the solutions, and will feed into the TEB as well as WP5. Crucially, ULTIMATE promote active stakeholder engagement and innovation co-creation, which is essential to produce knowledge capable of addressing the complexities inherent in symbiotic arrangements. Stakeholders range from business-to-business to the general public and will be engaged through Communities of Practice (CoP), immersive media experiences in multi-use play spaces, and through living labs which will contain specific location-based stories and visualizations driven by real data adding gamification elements (WP3). The project addresses the socio-political, regulatory and governance (pre)conditions for WSIS systems and services and will explore the conditions that enable or constrain the exchange of recovered water, energy and nutrients between industry sectors in the CE (WP4). All this work gears towards the development and demonstration of new WSIS business models and market opportunities, also supporting the emerging WSIS business ecosystem through a marketplace for Water, Energy, Materials in a WSIS. This marketplace is to be firmly embedded into Water Europe's real face-to-face water marketplace (WP5). Last but not least, ULTIMATE connects, creates synergies, and supports learning (WP6) in partnership with Water Europe and experts in science communication.

A dedicated set of transversal **WSIS Support Tools** will also be developed (WP2) that will support decision-making through presentation of the appropriate tools for individual solution assessment and system-wide evaluation stress testing. These tools will be embedded in the ULTIMATE website. The website will also provide user-friendly access to the TEB with information of e.g. outputs of the models, databases, KPIs, relationships based on user experience, etc.

Regarding the **ULTIMATE Marketplace** (task 5.5, <https://mp.watereurope.eu/>), several services are developed such as linking to the TEB (WP1) and allowing users to explore the innovative technological solutions and showcases, finding collaborators





and clients by building on a 'match-making' functionality, providing personalised information to interested parties, funding innovation and supporting spinoffs.

To improve the visibility and commercialization of technologies and circular economy solutions and systems around resource use in the water sector, a general strategic approach is developed that includes target group assessment and definition of specific sets of knowledge products for case sites and technology application (WP2).

ULTIMATE Marketplace shares experiences and outcomes with stakeholder groups through its online platform that will be linked to existing networks, including Water Market Europe, the ICT4WATER cluster and WaterShare.

2.3. Types and formats of data generated/collected

Within WP1, data regarding the performance of the technical solutions proposed in the project will be collected as in-situ data by the site leaders. Additionally, a short description of the demo sites and some KPIs in terms of water, energy and materials will be requested by the cross-cutting technology groups (CTGs) for setting the baseline and quantifying the impact of the proposed system. A general description of each site will be collected through a template, where a description of the current and ULTIMATE systems, in terms of technologies used, volumes treated and outputs generated, as well as block diagrams will be included. Data for KPIs will be requested from the site leaders in a powerpoint presentation and discussed personally as well as via email and included in Milestone 5 (delivery in Month 6), which will be updated during the project execution.

WP2 will assess economic and environmental performance of individual WSIS technologies and associated risks, optimise the systems and make assessment and modelling results and tools available in a sustainable manner. In order to perform this, the following data will be collected:

1. technology specific data (e.g. system configurations, material and energy balances, quality of recovered products, potential microbial and chemical contamination, investment and operational cost elements, etc.) for baseline (i.e. status quo) and ULTIMATE configuration
2. infrastructure data (storage capacity, pipes sizes, etc.) for modelling the components of the physical and engineered system
3. historical data (water and material flows, energy, etc.). Historical data will be retrieved and converted into an interoperable and standard data format (such as OGC standards including WaterML 2.0, InfraGML, SAREF4WATER, etc.) and stored for further use in the WSIS support tools.
4. definition of the management boundary conditions: criteria and objectives, current and future scenarios. Management boundary conditions will be defined with water authorities/utilities and stakeholders within the CoP activities at the CS sites





5. data regarding the stakeholders needs and interests for the ULTIMATE toolbox will be collected as part of the CoP meeting. The main interest on the tools, the use cases for using it as well as the expected view of the results will be reported in an anonymized way. Once the tools are developed, they will allow the creation of user profiles giving the possibility to use the tool in a personalized way. Finally, the users will be able to provide their feedback on the returned results of the tool, aiming to collect this data and further improve the returned results.

The following data will be generated:

- Assessment of environmental impacts in various categories (e.g. global warming potential, primary energy demand, human toxicity, ...) of the applied technologies using defined LCA indicators.
- Semantically linked information forming a database to model and represent the interaction between different industrial processes and systems.
- Risk assessment will generate site specific uncertainty estimations to assess the probability of achieving the predefined objectives, e.g. reduction of microbial counts, compliance with of environmental legislation using recycling products. The data generated will be in the form of probability distributions as a function of system parameters (e.g. treatment time, yield)
- Optimised industrial ecosystem pathways, based on dilution-recovery cost relations for individual industrial processes (informed by T2.2.1) and the ontology mapping (T2.1), at the local and regional scale
- Model configurations combining inputs (standard or shocks including CC), systems (e.g. upstream changes, failure of components) with corresponding performance (e.g. circularity indicators of the water utilities, ecoefficiency, reliability, contamination risk, materials produced, profits, ecosystem services etc.) for stress testing the WSIS pathways (T2.3)
- KPIs that span the technological, environmental and socio-economic domains and are able to capture the performance of circular eco-innovations and trace its trajectory in the short, medium and long run.

Within WP3, data regarding stakeholders' views of the demonstrated circular water solutions will be collected as minutes of CoP meetings. The design, development and testing of the ULTIMATE experiences in WP3 will not require the gathering and processing of any personal data. The perspectives of the stakeholders will be reported in the CoP minutes, e.g. as anecdotal stories. In these minutes, all personally identifiable data will be anonymised. For the purpose of cross-fertilisation between the demo cases, the CoP reports will be stored and made available to the project partners in the ULTIMATE SharePoint. Furthermore, as part of the assessment of the immersive media experiences, data on people and their behaviour will be collected. This data typically consists of:

- Consent forms and demographic information
- People survey, interviews, well-being measures
- QoE, QoS data points





- Behavioural observations
- Affective or stress states using physiological measures such as ECG, GSR

This data will be handled and stored according to the GDPR (see section 6.3). Furthermore, ethical issues apply to collection, storage and use of these data. The ethical aspects and how these are handled in ULTIMATE are discussed in Deliverable 7.5 – Ethical Principles and Guidelines for Responsible Research and Innovation. For the purpose of cross-fertilisation between the demo cases, the CoP reports will be stored and made available to the project partners in the ULTIMATE SharePoint. Please refer to D7.1 for more details on the Sharepoint structure and use policies.

WP4 is expected to collect and process information regarding the socio-political and governance context for water, materials and energy in Water Smart Industrial Symbiosis systems and solutions. Relevant information, in the form of legal documents, reports, policy papers etc., will be collected and, where appropriate, will be included in the ULTIMATE project's knowledge environment (SharePoint). Furthermore, WP4 will collect information on the perception of the general public through surveys and interviews. These data will be handled and stored according to GDPR (see Section 6.3).

One main component of WP5 is the Marketplace, aimed at providing information on showcases collected in WP1, storing information of new initiatives and spin-offs in the field of innovation funding and, most important, collecting information referring to end users, technology providers and products. The Marketplace builds on and extend the Digital Marketplace developed in H2020 project NextGen, developed by KWR and NTUA, hosted and managed by WE. Selected information may be exported in other forms such as pdf (factsheets) or CSV (tables).

WP6 will collect information, as above, for the project's communication and dissemination purposes.

A detailed overview of data sets that the WP leaders are aware of upon finalisation of the project was collected from WP leaders. The results from this survey among WP leaders are included in the annex to this report.

2.4. Reuse of Existing Data

The technology evidence base (TEB) developed within WP1 builds upon the technology evidence base developed in the NextGen project. The ULTIMATE TEB is integrated in the NextGen TEB and contains information about the circular economy solutions developed and demonstrated in ULTIMATE. Although it does not deal with industrial applications, water technologies from NextGen can be relevant within





ULTIMATE as well, therefore, where of added value, NextGen data are taken up. The data types included in the factsheets in the TEB are shown in Table 2.1, and an example of the structure for navigation in the TEB is provided in figure 2.2. The TEB has been integrated with the digital Marketplace and it is accessible from the website of Water Europe (<https://mp.watereurope.eu/>)

Table 2.1: Content of technology evidence base (TEB).

Type of information	Data Format	
Name of technology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Text 	
Background	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Text Image 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Text with short and long description (xx words) Picture of products
Flow Chart	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Image 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic flow chart to understand the technology
Tags	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Text 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Type of product recovered, point of application
KPIs + technical parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Text 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data for performance and other aspects (y parameters with ranges)
Requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Text 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> List of parameters or boundary conditions for a favourable operation (parameters with ranges, qualitative information)
Legal and Regulatory information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Text Hyperlinks 	
Business opportunities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Text Images 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Information on new business models
Case Studies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hyperlinks Documents Text 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Links to NextGen sites as examples, potentially including assessment results



TEB – Nutrients/Material

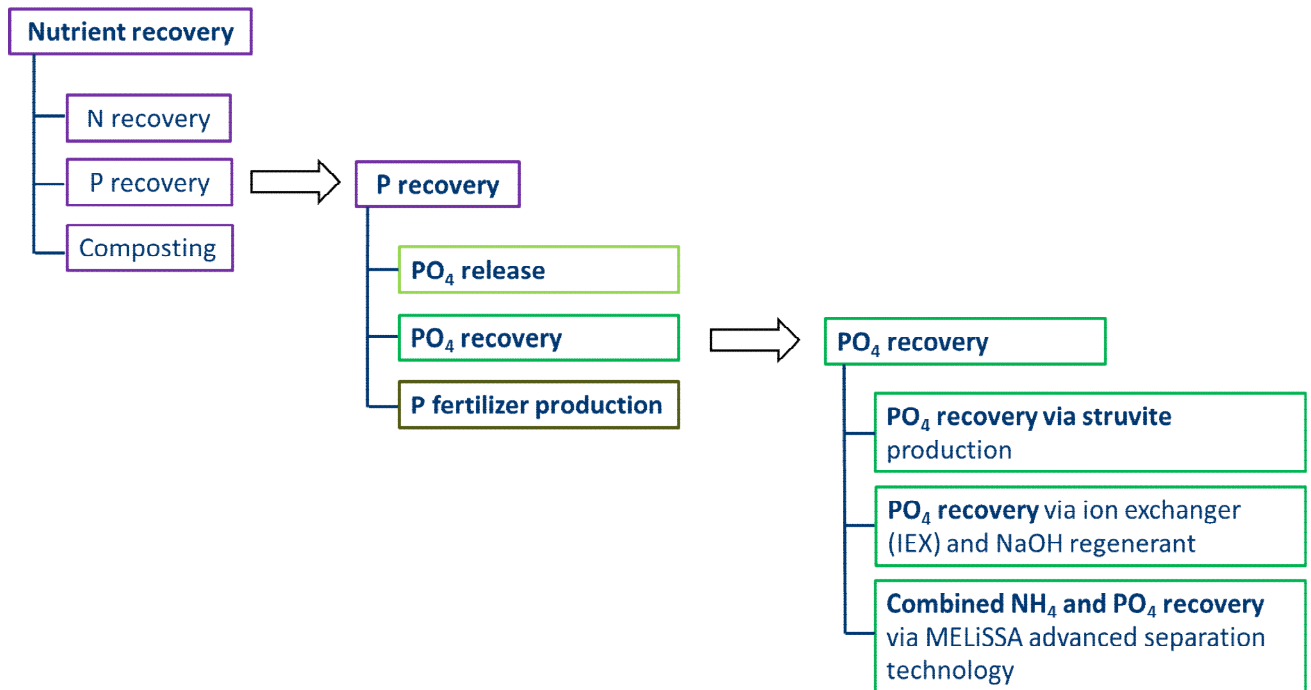


Figure 2.2. Example of structure in the TEB (available at <https://mp.watereurope.eu/>).

Within WP2, a knowledge graph will be built to store information about the industrial processes. This knowledge-graph will be based on an adaptation of SAREF4WATR to include industrial domain, waste paths and also, materials paths. Moreover, it will also include the assessment and modelling work in Tasks 2.2, 2.3 and 2.4, data about the technologies of ULTIMATE will be used and returned to the users. Furthermore, the users will potentially have access to the data of the Technology Evidence Base that will be created as part of WP1.

The Marketplace (WP5) builds on the technology developed in the NextGen project. Special attention is given to the collaboration with NextGen and as well as the collaboration with the projects B-WaterSmart, Water-Mining, REWAISE and WIDER UPTAKE which were funded under the same CE call as ULTIMATE, to ensure synergies and inclusion of results, if possible, in an integrated Marketplace.

2.5. Origin of the data

Data collected within WP1 will be obtained from in-situ monitoring of the performance of the technical solutions tested within ULTIMATE.

Data collected within WP2 will be obtained from in-situ monitoring of the performance of the technical solutions tested within ULTIMATE and from interviews with the contact



persons of the sites and from the CoP of the sites as the users of the ULTIMATE WSIS tools. These data will function as input for the modelling and optimisation work performed within WP2, which will generate further data related to recommendations, predictions and also KPI information over the collected data to mention a few.

Data collected within WP3 will be obtained from stakeholders participating in CoP meetings, and the general public voluntarily participating in outreach events, serious games and augmented reality activities at the demo cases. We will ensure fully informed understanding of the implications of participation through information sheets.

In WP5 data will be collected from project partners in the first phase of the project. Additional information may be collected or accessed online by connecting the Marketplace with other established European platforms. In the final phase the Marketplace will be opened to registered users which may add further content.

2.6. Expected size of the data (if known)

In WP1 substantial datasets with system status information and measurements results are expected to be generated in all of the case studies. Furthermore, results from pilot scale and laboratory scale experiments will be created. The size of each of these datasets is currently not known.

In WP2 there will be data of about 10-15 participants at the CoP for the ULTIMATE WSIS tools. Furthermore, few hundreds of users are expected to use the WSIS tools and provide data. Substantial datasets with outcomes from the modelling, optimisation and re-design studies are expected. The size of these datasets is currently not known.

In WP3, the size of data collected is difficult to estimate but anyway substantial, as it relates to the input from approximately 4 to 6 stakeholder organisations participation in each of the nine CoPs (one for each Case Study), and thousands of citizens participating in the living labs events and three serious games / augmented reality activities.

In WP5 it is expected that the Marketplace database will store active users, their individual preferences (see also 3.2.1), technology providers and technologies in the order of hundreds.





2.7. Data utility: to whom will it be useful

Data collected within WP1 will be useful for the work of other WPs of the project, such as WP2 and WP5. WP1 comparisons of the different solutions tested will be used for engineering, water utilities and other specialized audience for selecting the best circular technologies to be applied in future projects.

The data collected and generated in WP2 will be used to assess economic and environmental performance of individual WSIS technologies and associated risks, optimise the systems and make assessment and modelling results and tools available in a sustainable manner.

Data collected within WP3 will be useful for the partners in the demo cases. The outcomes of the stakeholder collaboration in the CoPs and the public engagement in the Living Labs will benefit the devise, implementation and acceptability of the CE water technologies. Data collected within WP3 will be useful for WP4 of the project as well. Generic lessons from WP3 will be included in the EU roadmap for water, resources and energy in the CE.





3. FAIR Data

In general terms, the research data should be 'FAIR' that is findable, accessible, interoperable and re-usable. These principles precede implementation choices and do not necessarily suggest any specific technology, standard or implementation-solution.

3.1. Making data findable, including provisions for metadata

3.1.1. Discoverability of data (metadata provision)

All ULTIMATE subsystems, including the TEB, the Marketplace and the WSIS tools developed within the framework of the project, will be integrated into a common online system. They all give (open or limited) access to certain data categories. Thus, one way to increase the discoverability of the data is to develop HTML pages rich in <meta> tags which provide metadata about the HTML document and are parsable by other machines. Additionally, all subsystems, and mostly the integrated system of the three elements, will be linked to the project website. Efforts will be taken to establish also cross-links to other relevant websites.

ULTIMATE will encourage project partners to store datasets produced in open research repositories and obtain Digital Object Identifiers (DOIs).

3.1.2. Identifiability of data and use of persistent and unique identifiers

Objects stored in the ULTIMATE TEB will be associated with a unique and persistent ID, at the appropriate resolution (i.e. scale or aggregation level). The detail page of these objects can be accessed through a specific URL.

At the end of the project a snapshot of the whole database will be exported and stored in the research data repository Zenodo obtaining a DOI. Other categories of data produced by this project such as publications and presentations will also be uploaded to Zenodo or another research repository providing DOIs.

3.1.3. Naming conventions used

The proposed naming convention for datasets in the ULTIMATE project will consist of three parts:

- **A prefix indicating the data category (e.g. metadata, backup data, template)**





- **A short name for the dataset**
- **An integer indicating the version of the dataset**

The above information will also be used as a unique code for the dataset. Additional metadata such as the data provider and the creation date will be associated with the code and uploaded to the repository.

3.1.4. Approach towards search keyword

The ULTIMATE TEB and Marketplace will provide a variety of ways for data retrieval, such as full text search with approximate string matching and innovative advanced search capabilities based on the attributes and relations of various data categories, including keywords and tags. Additionally, georeferenced data (e.g. case studies) will be projected on a map enabling a geographical approach for the identification of these data and the navigation to detail pages. Other platforms which this project will use for certain data categories (e.g. Zenodo, GitHub) provide similar search capabilities.

3.1.5. Approach for clear versioning

Various information systems will have to be developed during the lifetime of the ULTIMATE project. Many of them will require the collaborative development of software applications, websites and other computer programs either from scratch or at least significant parts of them. The management and version control of the source code may become a significant problem, especially in large software development projects involving several developers.

The ULTIMATE IT team will systematically use Git as the source code management system for software development. Git will allow the collaborate development of the software providing effective distributed version control. It is easy to use and yet powerful and efficient to handle even large projects.

A copy of each Git repository will be uploaded (“pushed”) to a publicly available Git server such as GitHub, Gitlab or Bitbucket. They are both well-established online servers which support distributed source code development, management, and revision control. They enable world-wide collaboration between developers and also provide some additional facilities to work on documentation and to track issues. GitHub provides paid and free service plans. Free service plans can have any number of public, open-access repositories with unlimited collaborators. Private, non-public repositories require a paid service plan, and free plans for academic/research projects. Bitbucket allows private repositories to be shared with up to five collaborators or with an unlimited number of users in case of academic/research projects.

In general, all datasets produced by ULTIMATE will receive a unique code, part of which will specify the version of the dataset.





3.1.6. Standards for metadata creation (if any)

Presently there are numerous standardisation activities including risk assessment and protection of a high level of services, although sometimes optional, is considered integrated in the entire operational process.

Other related Standards include:

- **ISO 9001:2015 provides an integrated approach to quality management - putting quality at the heart of business, touching on business resilience.**
- **ISO/IEC 27001 is an internationally recognised best practice framework for an information security management system.**
- **ISO/TR 37150:2014 Smart community infrastructures - Review of existing activities relevant to metrics addresses community infrastructures such as energy, water, transportation, waste and information and communications technology (ICT), focuses on the technical aspects of existing activities which have been published, implemented or discussed. Economic, political or societal aspects are not analysed.**
- **ISO 19115, Geographic Information – Metadata**
- **ISO 19110 Geographic information – Methodology for feature cataloguing**
- **ISO 19139, Geographic Information – Metadata -Implementation Specification**
- **OGC Catalog Service**

Efforts will be made that all textual information collected in the ULTIMATE project and especially all new information produced and stored in the ULTIMATE databases will be UTF-8 encoded.

3.2. Making data openly accessible

3.2.1. Which data will be made openly available, which data will not be disclosed and the rationale behind this

It is expected that most of the data produced or collected in the framework of the ULTIMATE project will be openly accessible. However, for some reasons, related with licensing issues, 3rd party data policy, and the use of personal or sensitive data, accessing may be restricted. The Marketplace is such an example, where efforts are taken to provide more targeted and personalised information to the users, utilizing advanced methodologies such as machine learning, semantic modelling, agent based modelling and other artificial intelligence techniques. As part of this process, information of the individual user's preferences will be collected and stored, to which only the Marketplace application will have access.

3.2.2. How the data will be made available

In ULTIMATE, various online tools will be developed that will provide access to data. Examples of such tools are the TEB, the Marketplace, the HMS simulation and stress testing platform, the interactive gamified visualisation tool, and the KPI assessment





tool. As more complete list of online tools will be provided in later versions of the DMP. These tools will be made available through the project website (access to project data) or the ULTIMATE online Marketplace. Specifically, the project's online environment will form part of Water Europe's infrastructure and as such will be developed and maintained beyond the project providing access to collected as well as to new material.

Additionally, at the end of the project a copy/snapshot of all relevant data as well as other data categories (publications, presentations, etc.) will be made available to open data repositories such as Zenodo.

3.2.2.1. Open access to publications

Any publications from ULTIMATE must be available as open access (as far as practicable possible). Open access to publications can be ensured either by publishing in Gold open access journals or Green open access journals.

Gold open access means the article is available as open access by the scientific publisher. Some journals require an author-processing fee for publishing open access.

Green open access or self-archiving means that the published article or the final peer reviewed manuscript is archived by the researcher in an online repository (e.g., on InnovationPlace), in most cases after its publication. Most journals within the social sciences domains require authors to delay self-archiving to repositories to 12 months after the article first being published.

In the ULTIMATE project, author-publishing fees for gold open access journals can be reimbursed within the project period and budget. There is, however, a very good selection of relevant gold open access and green open access journals available that do not charge author processing fees. Scholarly publication can take a very long time, and final acceptance of all submitted manuscripts may not occur before the end of the ULTIMATE project. For these reasons, we will prioritize to submit our work to gold open access journals without author processing fees, or to green open access journals.

3.2.3. What methods or software tools are needed to access the data? Is documentation about the software needed to access the data included? Is it possible to include the relevant software (e.g. in open source code)?

The data will be made available online through the WWW service. Thus, in order to discover, visualize or download the data only a common browser will be required from the user. Some online applications may require the user to register first before accessing the data. The format of downloadable files will be (solely or additionally) in an open standard such as CSV and PDF. Tools to access these files will be freely





available in the internet. User guides will be elaborated and provided for online environments, as well as for any non-intuitive tools produced within the framework of the project.

3.2.4. Association of data with metadata, documentation and code depositing

Several websites will provide access to data such as the following:

- **the project website (Access to project data)**
- **the ULTIMATE Marketplace (Products & Services, Stakeholders etc.), which will also provide access to the ULTIMATE Technology Evidence Base.**

Additionally, at the end of the project a copy/snapshot of all relevant data as well as other data categories (publications, presentations, etc.) will be made available to open data repositories such as Zenodo.

3.2.5. Providing access in case there are any restrictions

In order to gain access to the online Marketplace, a user will have to register to the Marketplace first and provide data regarding the user's background and fields of interest. The procedure is then simple and straightforward, involving the verification of the user data via email. Also, structured questions regarding specific technologies can be formed and a guided navigation with specific technological solutions will be provided.

3.3. Making data interoperable

3.3.1. Interoperability of data (data and metadata vocabularies, standards or methodologies followed to facilitate interoperability)

Datasets produced by the ULTIMATE project will be interoperable allowing data exchange and reuse. All systems will be user friendly, well documented and unless otherwise specified openly accessible. The ULTIMATE project will follow established European metadata vocabularies, standards and methodologies.

3.3.2. Use of standard vocabulary for all data types present in data set, to allow inter-disciplinary interoperability, or use of mapping to more commonly used ontologies

We will elaborate an ontology to determine waste utilization potential of industries and subsequent processes and systems to support WSIS. This ontology will integrate cross-domain indicators (water, energy, environment, food, etc.) with socio-economic indicators to improve the understanding of waste utilization potential at process, industry or industrial cluster level. This alignment between costs and processes will be complemented with the linkage of this information with the water-nexus ontology and





social modelling (using FOAF or SNS ontologies among others). The ontology will be delivered in the form of an online tool that allows interested industries to register their own water-related waste streams and identify promising opportunities for reuse at an industrial cluster and/or regional scale.

3.4. Increase data re-use (through clarifying licenses)

3.4.1. Data licencing to permit the widest reuse possible

Project partners intend to provide most of the data openly accessible, either immediately or after an embargo period. In these cases, the preferred license types are CC-BY (Creative Commons, Attribution) and CC-SA (Creative Commons, Attribution + Share Alike) and BY-NC (Creative Commons, Attribution + Non-Commercial).

3.4.2. When will data be made available for re-use. If applicable, specify why and for what period a data embargo is needed

Some data are already available online through the project websites. Other datasets will be uploaded to Zenodo as soon as they are complete and will be made immediately available through this service. Finally, for some data an embargo period will be necessary in order for them to be published first. It is estimated that for these data the embargo period will not last longer than until the end of the project.

Data that contains sensitive information about the operational and business processes of consortium partners will be classified as confidential, and will not be made publicly available.

Beyond commercial exploitation via existing partners, ULTIMATE is adopting an ambitious joint exploitation strategy, based on the creation of start-ups. Specific data that would compromise the possibilities to commercially exploit the outcomes of the ULTIMATE project may be classed restricted or confidential until a) a decision has been made on the relevance of this data for the valorisation process b) it's protection or the protection of the service or solution derived from it, have been properly protected (e.g. through a patent application)

3.4.3. Use of data produced and/or used in the project by third parties, in particular after the end of the project. If the re-use of some data is restricted, explain why

Almost all data produced and used in this project are available by third parties or will be made available after the end of the project. A small part of them will still remain





closed either because of licensing issues or because they refer to personal information (e.g. user profiles).

3.4.4. Data Quality Assurance Processes

Data validation process will be finalized by the end of the project.

Some aspects that will be considered are the following.

- **All parameters measured by the monitoring stations must be checked against extreme values in order to identify possible defect of instruments or another malfunction of the system. The responsible user will be notified in case of an issue.**
- **Upon data entry into the Evidence Base or the Marketplace several validation routines must apply informing the user in case the record is incomplete or erroneous. Such validation checks include missing mandatory values and data type check.**

Finally, several constraints embedded in the database should ensure the integrity of the data

3.4.5. Length of time for which the data will remain re-usable

All open data will remain re-usable for at least five years after the end of the project and maintained by the project partners. As suggested earlier, the project's online environment will form part of Water Europe's infrastructure and as such will be developed and maintained well beyond the project.





4. Allocation of resources

4.1. Costs for making data FAIR.

Most of the project partners apply software tools, technologies and protocols which comply to the FAIR principles and/or facilitate FAIR use of data. The use of WWW for various applications of the project documents this approach. Within the project the following effort is foreseen in order to ensure specifically the compliance to the FAIR principles of the ULTIMATE outputs:

- **Implementing various searching techniques (est. costs: 3 PM)**
- **Data conversion (est. costs: 2 PM)**
- **Establishing interoperability with other projects, Water Market Europe in particular (est. costs: 6 PM)**
- **Managing data in open research data repositories (est. costs: 1 PM)**
- **Developing and implementing a data management plan (est. costs: 1 PM)**
- **Implementing special interfaces (API) for accessing data through the Internet (est. costs: 2 PM)**

These costs are an integral part of the approved budgets of the project partners.

4.2. Responsibilities for data management

- **KWR** is the responsible partner for the overall coordination of the data management.
- **KWB** is responsible for developing and coordinating the collection of relevant data in the frame of WP1 and populating the Technology Evidence Base. KWB is supported in this role by EUT and UNIVPM.
- **EUT** is responsible for management of the activities developing the ULTIMATE WSIS support tools in WP2, which also involves **UNEXE**, **NTUA** and **KWR**.
- **KWR**, **NTUA** and **WE** are responsible for developing the ULTIMATE online Marketplace in WP5.
- For hosting and publishing the TEB, **ESCI** is responsible during the project and **WE** is responsible after the project.

Additional data managers such as the case study leaders at the various project partner demo cases (WP1) or Communities of Practice (WP3) take care of the other data produced locally.

4.3. Costs and potential value of long-term preservation

A snapshot of all relevant project data will be stored in the research data repository Zenodo upon termination of the project. This dataset will receive a DOI and will be preserved for the foreseeable future. However, the dataset will continue to grow even





after the end of the project as real time measurements will keep coming from the various project sites. Project partners responsible for the stations and other local stakeholders involved in their management and the exploitation of the data have an interest to keep these stations in operation as long as possible.





5. Data security

5.1. Data recovery and secure storage and transfer of data

Developing and establishing a backup and recovery plan for all ULTIMATE data is a crucial part of data security. While a general-purpose repository like Zenodo will store and publish the significant releases of the data produced in ULTIMATE, a backup plan takes care of the daily backups of all data. A variety of backup software exists for all operating systems, enabling manual and automated backup of the data. State of the art backup systems offer efficient storage of data (full and incremental backup, differential, backwards deltas) which keep track with older versions and even allow the reconstruction of the data at any single point in time.

From the perspective of the data security, we distinguish between the following data categories:

- **Data having no overall importance for the project. These data are often temporary and/or serve as an intermediate step for the production of other data. They are usually stored in various files. For this category of data, it is in the responsibility of the local system administrators to establish reliable backup plans, if necessary.**
- **Data stored in the project's website, in the ULTIMATE TEB, the WSIS Support Tools or the Marketplace will be backed up centrally in a remote backup server. The backup server will be located physically at a different site than the other servers and will be connected with them through the Internet. Thus, it will not be affected by any malfunction or damage which may occur at the site of each server. A filesystem snapshot utility based on rsync (e.g. rsnapshot) will be used to make periodic snapshots of local servers and transfer the data securely via ssh protocol to the remote backup server.**
- **Data collected by the monitoring systems at the various case study sites. These data can grow into large volumes depending on the size of the monitoring network, the number of the observed parameters and the recording time step. In case of high frequent observations, more frequent backups or establishing a replication system will be required. Depending on each case, monitoring data may be and stored in local and/or remote backup servers.**
- **The ULTIMATE Git repository stored in a remote server will serve as a means to backup software code produced during the project. An established service provider will be selected (e.g. GitHub or Bitbucket) guarantying long term preservation of the data. As the code is expected to be open source, its management will be taken care by the community.**

At the end of the project, a copy/snapshot of all significant and unrestricted data will be stored in the project's repository at Zenodo or published in open access journals.





The infrastructure of Zenodo has been developed and is supported by CERN which guarantees long term data safety and availability.





6. Ethical aspects

To be covered in the context of the ethics review, ethics section of DoA and ethics deliverables. Include references and related technical aspects if not covered by the former

A number of ethics issues have been identified for the execution of ULTIMATE, specifically humans, non-EU countries, data protection and compliance with the GDPR and others. A response to each of these issues is given below.

6.1. Humans

Ethics issues in ULTIMATE are a subject of this deliverable, other deliverables (D7.5, 7.10 & 7.11) as well as the relevant framework and will continue to be developed and improved throughout the project.

As humans are involved in ULTIMATE, ethical issues related to their involvement, notably regarding recruitment and informed consent procedures need to be sufficiently described.

In D7.5, it is explicitly described how personal data as part of workshops, focus groups, interviews, CoPs, living labs and other dissemination activities in ULTIMATE should be collected, used and managed. These reports also propose measures to protect particular individuals and stakeholders, anonymise their contribution and minimise the risk of their stigmatisation from improper use of their data. As a rule, it is recommended that to the extent possible, only anonymized information is stored as part of the collected data.

D7.5 also describes the foreseen ethics considerations, related to the collection and processing of the data required for research and development of the ULTIMATE project. Issues such as data collection, informed consent, confidentiality, the code of conduct and the balance between data protection and freedom of rights have been identified. Information is also provided on procedures to be implemented for data collection, storage, protection, retention and destruction in compliance to EU Legislation.

In ULTIMATE, demo cases are being performed in close cooperation with local end-users, knowledge providers, technology providers, and water management agencies, thereby building local CoP groups. In ULTIMATE, cooperation through associate partnerships has been established. Data will be collected from participants in workshops, living labs, interactive play spaces, and other opinion elicitation activities. Personal data may also be obtained from already existing data files owned by the





different companies, industries and public administrations involved to the project, provided that said entities already poses the necessary consents to reuse personal data for research purposes. Each of the data sources used will be already complying with the data protection legislation applicable to each of the countries of origin, and in particular all data files should already be registered at the relevant data protection agency. All original data files have to be particularly compliant with the right to access, modify, cancel and object to further treatment of personal data.

6.2. Non-EU countries

The objective of ULTIMATE is to establish a market breakthrough of WSIS technologies as robust, effective, sustainable, and cost-efficient answers to the water, energy and material challenges in industrial context worldwide. It practically explores replication potential through adoption of systems and services by demo cases within the project and opens new global markets.

As part of this work, two of the case studies will take place in non-EU countries: Case Study 6 (Israel) and Case Study 7 (United Kingdom). These regions were selected based on the severe water resources problems encountered and the long-term working relationships that already exist between local stakeholders and ULTIMATE partners, particularly recognizing specific framework conditions, such as socio-economic, cultural and environmental characteristics. Addressing the social and governance challenges to uptake of WSIS solutions and services (WP4) and promoting dissemination and capacity building activities (WP6), encourages the sharing of knowledge with stakeholders. Data will be collected from, and shared with, consortium partners involved in these case studies. Furthermore, key partner and work package leader of WP3, NTNU, is located in non-EU member state Norway.

The consortium confirms that the ethical standards and guidelines of Horizon2020¹ will be rigorously applied, regardless of the country in which the research is carried out.

The ULTIMATE partners that are not EU members are located in Norway, Israel and the United Kingdom. According to Commission decisions, personal data can flow to and from Norway and the UK² without any safeguards being necessary. The Commission has also recognized Israel as providing adequate protection. Therefore, the consortium does not need to take any further action for transferring data to Norway, UK and Israel beyond the application of Directive 95/46/EC.

¹ See the following webpage for an up-to-date overview of the H2020 ethical guidelines and principles: https://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/docs/h2020-funding-guide/cross-cutting-issues/ethics_en.htm

² At the time of writing the situation concerning exchange of information between the EU and the UK, and agreements governing this exchange, are not clear beyond 31 December 2020. The DMP will be updated should there be a change in the situation.





6.3. Data protection and compliance with the GDPR

The ULTIMATE consortium will inform EASME regarding each activity what data will be collected stored and processed as a result of these interactions. In those cases where personal data is involved, detailed information is planned to be provided:

- 1. on what personal data is collected, stored and processed**
- 2. on the recruitment process, inclusion/exclusion criteria for participation**
- 3. on privacy/confidentiality and the procedures that are implemented for data collection, storage, access, sharing policies, protection, retention and destruction during and after the project**
- 4. on how informed consent is pursued**
- 5. if application/s need to be filed with a local/institutional ethics review bodies (if personal data is being collected) and if yes, which bodies / where / when.**

Data will be collected in accordance with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), a Regulation describing precisely the rights of data subjects and the obligations of data controllers and processors. The GDPR affects mainly the interaction with citizens in WP3 (interactive place spaces, living labs) and WP5 (Digital Marketplace) as there are expected to be the main components where information related to personal data is collected.

6.3.1. Work Package 3 – play-spaces and living labs

The design, development and testing of the ULTIMATE experiences in WP3 will not require the gathering and processing of any personal data. The ULTIMATE WP3 is committed to ensure that all the activities carried out will comply with ethical principles and relevant national, EU and international legislation, such as the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union and the European Convention on Human Rights. For data protection and privacy, we will adopt a data minimization policy, collecting and processing only the data that is strictly necessary for running the activity. Participants will be informed about how and by whom data will be processed and stored and about their rights to access, modify and erase their personal data and about the procedures to enforce this. All data collected and processed will be in compliance with privacy. They will be hosted at protected servers at NTNU and thus will be submitted to the compliance with the NSD, as well as to the General Data Protection Regulation. Data protection measures will be applied with regard to data collection, storage, retention, destruction, privacy and confidentiality. Templates of the informed consent forms and information sheets with regard to processing and protection of personal data (in language and terms intelligible to the participants) will be kept on file on NTNU servers. All ethical approvals/opinions/notifications will be handled by the NTNU DPO, mr. Thomas Helgesen (M), Director Organization.





6.3.2. Work Package 5 – Digital Marketplace

Persons registering for getting access to the Marketplace are providing their consent through the online form using clear and plain language. Users will be able to withdraw their consent at any time, get informed of the data the system has collected and stores about them and apply to export them or permanently erase them from the system. Sensitive data collected by the Marketplace will be encrypted before storing them in the database.





7. Other

Refer to other national / funder / sectorial / departmental procedures for data management that you are using (if any)

Up to now there is no other procedure for data management in the framework of the ULTIMATE project, apart from the ones that have been already described in the present document.





8. Conclusions

The benefits of a well-designed DMP not only concern the way data are treated but also the successful outcome of the project itself. A properly planned DMP guides the researchers first to think what to do with the data and then how to collect, store and process them. The process of planning is practically a process of communication, increasingly important in a multi-partner research. The characteristics of collaboration should be accordingly harmonised among project partners from different organisations or different countries.

ULTIMATE strived to produce data that could be made openly accessible. Exceptions applied for reasons related with licensing issues, third party data policy, and the use of personal or sensitive data, thus accessing this information had to be restricted in some cases. In particular, all ULTIMATE subsystems, including the Technology Evidence Base, the WSIS support tools and the Marketplace, were integrated into a common online system, which will be giving open or limited access to certain data categories.

Additionally, datasets produced by the ULTIMATE project with interoperability, data exchange and reuse in mind. The ULTIMATE project followed established European metadata vocabularies, standards and methodologies. All open data will remain reusable for at least five years after the end of the project and maintained by the project partners.

A backup and recovery plan was developed and established for all ULTIMATE data as it comprises a crucial part of data security. A number of ethics issues have been identified for the execution of ULTIMATE, specifically humans, non-EU countries, data protection and compliance with the GDPR and others.





Annex 1 – List of datasets

Type of Data/Data description	Data type	Open Access	If not open access - explanation	To whom the open access could be useful	How data is shared	Partners responsible
WP1						
Case Study 1 – Experimental data Membrane Distillation	Experimental parameter, water quality data (text data)	No	Proprietary data of Industrial Complex		Summary published in ULTIMATE D1.3	EUT
Case Study 1 – Experimental data Ultrafiltration	Experimental parameter, water quality data (text data)	No	Proprietary data of Industrial Complex		Summary published in ULTIMATE D1.3	EUT
Case Study 1 – Experimental data Reverse Osmosis	Experimental parameter, water quality data (text data)	No	Proprietary data of Industrial Complex		Summary published in ULTIMATE D1.3	EUT
Case Study 1 – Experimental data Zeolite adsorption of NH ₄	Experimental parameter, water quality data (text data)	No	Proprietary data of Industrial Complex		Summary published in ULTIMATE D1.3	EUT
Case Study 2 - Experimental data Electro dialysis results	Water quality data, energy consumption, experimental parameters (Text data)	Yes		Scientific community	Zenodo: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.14017243	KWR
Case Study 2 – geohydrological sampling – drilling cores	Physical samples – interpretation in public report	Yes		Scientific community	Water Europe Marketplace: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/Publication/158	KWR





Case Study 3 – water quality data	Timeseries data on water quality and quantity collected by online sensors.	No	Proprietary data	Scientific community	Summary published in ULTIMATE D1.3	UNIVPM, ARETUSA
Case Study 3 – experimental data clari-flocculation	Water quality data	Yes		Scientific community	Deliverable 1.5	UNIVPM, ARETUSA
Case Study 3 – experimental data GAC adsorption plant	Chemical analysis of activated carbon, water quality data in particular UV-absorption (timeseries) and laboratory analysis pesticides	Yes		Scientific community	Deliverable 1.5	UNIVPM, ARETUSA
Case Study 4 – experimental data	Performance data advanced oxidation, including online sensor data on water quality	No	Proprietary data of commercial value to the ULTIMATE partner	Scientific community, industrial community	Summary published in ULTIMATE D1.3	GtG
Case Study 4 – experimental data	Performance data advanced oxidation, including laboratory analysis result on VACs.	No	Proprietary data of commercial value to the ULTIMATE partner	Scientific community, industrial community	Summary published in ULTIMATE D1.5	GtG
Case Study 5 – ELSAR performance data	Water Quality data, Gas composition data	No	Proprietary data of commercial value to the ULTIMATE partner	Scientific community, industrial community	Summary published in ULTIMATE D1.4	AQUALIA
Case Study 6 – biogas production	Water Quality data, Gas composition data	Yes (to be published)		Scientific community, industrial community	To be included in paper published in Water Science and Technology (submitted) – see D6.7	GSR, MEK
Case Study 6 – recovery of high value added compounds	Water quality data – in particular total organic carbon loads	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Deliverable 1.5	GSR, MEK, GtG





Case Study 7 – experimental data Reverse Osmosis pilot	Water quality data (grab samples and laboratory analysis) (Text files)	No	Proprietary data of commercial value to the ULTIMATE partner	Scientific community, industrial community	Summary published in ULTIMATE D1.3	UCRAN, AQUABIO
Case Study 7 – experimental data materials and Energy recovery	Experimental data on water quality, removal efficiencies, heat recovery	No	Proprietary data of commercial value to the ULTIMATE partner	Scientific community, industrial community	Summary published in ULTIMATE D1.4	UCRAN, AQUABIO
Case Study 7 – experimental data ammonia and phosphate recovery	Physical chemical analysis of struvite, analytical chemical results, process optimisation parameters	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Deliverable 1.5	UCRAN, AQUABIO
Case Study 8 – sulfur recovery pilot plant data	Gas composition data, flue gas wash water quality data,	No	Proprietary data of commercial value to the ULTIMATE partner	Scientific community, industrial community	Summary published in ULTIMATE D1.5	IWS
Case Study 9 – NF / UF pilot – performance data	Membrane performance data, water quality data	No	Proprietary data of commercial value to the ULTIMATE partner	Scientific community, industrial community	Summary published in ULTIMATE D1.3	KWB, Kalund, XFlow
Case Study 9 – joint control system – data collected	Water quality data (timeseries data)	No	Proprietary data of industrial symbiosis	Scientific community	Summary published in ULTIMATE D1.3	Kalund, KWB
Peer reviewed paper	Catchment-wide validated assessment of combined sewer overflows (CSOs) in a mediterranean coastal area and possible disinfection methods to mitigate microbial contamination	Yes		Scientific community	DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envres.2020.110367 Zenodo: https://zenodo.org/records/4563985/files/Catchment-wide%20validated%20assessment%20of%20Combined%20Sewer%20Overflows%20(CSOs)%20in%20a%20Mediterranean%20coastal%20area%20and%20possible%20disinfection%20methods%20to%20mitigate%20microbial%20contamination.pdf	UNIVPM





Peer reviewed paper	Membrane-Based Processes to Obtain High-Quality Water From Brewery Wastewater	Yes		Scientific community	DOI: https://doi.org/10.3389/fceng.2021.734233 Zenodo: https://zenodo.org/records/14003139	AQUALIA
Peer reviewed paper	Targeted Bio-Based Volatile Fatty Acid Production from Waste Streams through Anaerobic Fermentation: Link between Process Parameters and Operating Scale	No	Published in subscription journal	Scientific community	DOI: https://doi.org/10.1021/acssuschemeng.1c02195	UNIVPM
Peer reviewed paper	Conductive adsorbents enhance phenol removal from wastewater by direct interspecies electron transfer "DIET"-based anaerobic biodegradation process	Yes		Scientific community	DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jece.2024.112222 Zenodo: https://zenodo.org/records/14002358	GSR
Peer reviewed paper	Water reuse and resource recovery from greenhouse wastewater by capacitive electro dialysis at pilot scale	Yes		Scientific community	DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.desal.2024.117669 Zenodo: https://zenodo.org/records/14002781	KWR
Peer reviewed paper	Towards circular greenhouse wastewater reuse: Advancements in cation exchange membranes for selective Na ⁺ /K ⁺	Yes		Scientific community	Water Science and Technology (in press)	KWR





	separation using electro dialysis systems					
Technology Evidence Base - Case Study 1 Factsheet	PDF file	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base and ULTIMATE project website: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/CaseStudy/22 https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	EUT
Technology Evidence Base - Case Study 2 Factsheet	PDF file	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base and ULTIMATE project website: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/CaseStudy/20 https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	KWR
Technology Evidence Base - Case Study 3 Factsheet	PDF file	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base and ULTIMATE project website: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/CaseStudy/26 https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	UNIVPM
Technology Evidence Base - Case Study 4 Factsheet	PDF file	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base and ULTIMATE project website: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/CaseStudy/21 https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	GtG
Technology Evidence Base - Case Study 5 Factsheet	PDF file	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base and ULTIMATE project website: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/CaseStudy/17 https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	AQUALIA
Technology Evidence Base - Case Study 6 Factsheet	PDF file	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base and ULTIMATE project website: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/CaseStudy/27 https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	GSR





Technology Evidence Base - Case Study 7 Factsheet	PDF file	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base and ULTIMATE project website: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/CaseStudy/23 https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	UCRAN
Technology Evidence Base - Case Study 8 Factsheet	PDF file	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base and ULTIMATE project website: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/CaseStudy/36 https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	IWS
Technology Evidence Base - Case Study 9 Factsheet	PDF file	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base and ULTIMATE project website: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/CaseStudy/24 https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	KWB
Technology Evidence Base – Adsorption with sludge-based renewable resources	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1122	
Technology Evidence Base – Ammonium Adsorption on zeolites	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1226	
Technology Evidence Base – Ammonium sulphate production	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1111	
Technology Evidence Base – Anaerobic Membrane Bioreactor with degassing unit	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1014	
Technology Evidence Base – Aquifer Thermal Energy Storage	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1066	





Technology Evidence Base – Digitalisation of the sewer network and predictive smart equalisation control	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1223	
Technology Evidence Base –Early warning system for membrane fouling in anaerobic membrane bioreactors	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1227	
Technology Evidence Base – Electrodesialysis	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1120	
Technology Evidence Base – Electrostimulated anaerobic reactor	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1118	
Technology Evidence Base – immobilised high rate anaerobic reactor	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1214	
Technology Evidence Base – Joint control system for two wastewater treatment plants	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1215	
Technology Evidence Base – Low grade heat recovery from wastewater	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1116	
Technology Evidence Base –Membrane Distillation	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1119	





Technology Evidence Base – Reverse Osmosis	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1221	
Technology Evidence Base – Small Bioreactor Platform (SBP)	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1224	
Technology Evidence Base – Softening, coagulation and flocculation with alternative by-products	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1218	
Technology Evidence Base – Solid oxide fuel cell using biogas	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1124	
Technology Evidence Base – Struvite production	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1100	
Technology Evidence Base – Sulphur Recovery	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1220	
Technology Evidence Base – Ultrafiltration & nanofiltration membranes as pre-treatment for reverse osmosis	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1213	
Technology Evidence Base – UV Advanced Oxidation Process using spectroscopic	Webpage	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Technology Evidence Base: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/technology/1222	





sensors for monitoring purpose						
Presentations online seminar membrane technologies – 25-11-2020	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 1 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, all CS leaders
Presentations online seminar membrane technologies – 25-11-2020	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 1 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, all CS leaders
Presentations online seminar membrane technologies – 25-11-2020	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 1 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, all CS leaders
Presentations online seminar membrane technologies – 25-11-2020	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 1 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, all CS leaders
Presentations online seminar membrane technologies – 25-11-2020	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 1 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, all CS leaders
Presentations online seminar membrane technologies – 25-11-2020	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 1 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, all CS leaders
Presentations online seminar membrane technologies – 25-11-2020	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 1 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, all CS leaders





Presentations online seminar membrane technologies – 25-11-2020	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 1 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, all CS leaders
Presentations online seminar membrane technologies – 25-11-2020	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 1 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, all CS leaders
Presentations online seminar membrane technologies – 25-11-2020	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 1 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, all CS leaders
Presentations online seminar membrane technologies – 25-11-2020	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 1 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, all CS leaders
Presentations online seminar membrane technologies – 25-11-2020	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 1 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, EUT, GtG, UCRAN, XFlow, NTUA
Presentations online seminar adsorption technologies in wastewater treatment – 31-03-2021	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 2 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, EUT, GtG, UCRAN,
Presentations online seminar on innovative biogas technologies – 30-10-2020	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 3 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, URCAN, AQUALIA, GSR,





Presentations online seminar on heat recovery – 26-02-2021	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 4 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, UCRAN, IWS, KWR
Presentations online seminar nutrient recovery – 17-12-2020	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 5 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, KWR. UCRAN, AQUALIA, UNIVPM
Presentations online seminar material recovery and safe reuse – 23-06-2021	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 6 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, GtG, UNIVPM, CPTM
Presentations online seminar o digitalization – 20-05-2021	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 7 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, West, UNIVPM, AQUALIA, Kalund
Presentations online seminar What is the secret of successful water smart industrial symbiosis – 22-03-2022	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 8 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, NTNU, Kalund, ARETUSA, EUT, KWR
Presentations online seminar Membrane Technologies in Wastewater treatment – 06-03-2023	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 9 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, EUT, AQUALIA,
Presentations online seminar Adsorption and advanced oxidation process (AOP) technologies	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 10 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, EUT, UNIVPM, GtG





in wastewater treatment – 10-06-2023						
Presentations online seminar Industry water utility symbiosis for a smarter society: webinar on biogas technologies – 31-05-2023	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 11 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, AQUALIA, GSR
Presentations online seminar Industry water utility symbiosis for a smarter society: webinar on heat recovery – 30-03-2023	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 12 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, UCRAN, IWS, KWR
Presentations online seminar Nutrient Recovery – 02-05-2023	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 13 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, UNIVPM, KWR, UCRAN, AQUALIA
Presentations online seminar Material Recovery and Reuse 22-11-2023	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 14 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, UNIVPM, GtG, IWS,
Presentations online seminar Industry water utility symbiosis for a smarter society: webinar on digitisation/monitoring – 26-09-2023	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 15 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, UNIVPM
Presentations online seminar Water	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and	yes		Scientific community,	Annex 16 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, EUT, KWR, ARETUSA





Recovery and Reuse– 11-06-2024	data about result in Case Studies			industrial community		
Presentations online seminar Industry Water utility symbiosis for a smarter water society: Energy Recovery – 14-05-2024	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 17 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, UCRAN, KWR, GSR, AQUALIA
Presentations online seminar Material Recovery and Reuse – 04-06-2024	Powerpoint by ULTIMATE partners with information and data about result in Case Studies	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Annex 18 in D1.10 – to be published on ULTIMATE website and in Zenodo once approved by EU reviewer.	KWB, UNIVPM, GtG, IWS, UCRAN
Deliverable 1.1: Assessment of baseline conditions for all case studies	Report	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Zenodo https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6984202 https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	KWB, All CS partners
Accompanying document to Deliverable 1.2 - Operational demo cases	Report	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Zenodo https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7588551 https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	KWB, All CS partners
Deliverable 1.6: Technology Evidence Base concept and integration	Report	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Zenodo https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.8060015 https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	KWB, EUT, UNIVPM
Deliverable 1.8 - Lessons learned from synergy workshops	Report	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	KWB, EUT, UNIVPM
Deliverable 1.9 - Start-up and	report	yes		Scientific community,	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	EUT, All CS partners





intermediate results of plant operation from all case studies				industrial community		
WP2						
Knowledge graph for storing information about industrial processes	Ontology	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	https://w3id.org/def/wsis	EUT
Deliverable 2.1 - An online tool for semantic-driven WSIS	report	yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Zenodo: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.8362668	EUT
NXT+ULT LCA for CE - NEXTGEN + ULTIMATE Life Cycle Assessment	Software, Umberto LCA+ (Last update: 2022-10-18)	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community	Water Europe Marketplace: https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/Product/24 https://www.kompetenzwasser.de/en/forschung/dienstleistungen/lcs-nachhaltige-klaerwerke	KWB
Peer reviewed paper	Supporting Decision-making for Industrial Symbioses using a Hybrid Modelling	Yes		Scientific community	Water Science and Technology (in press)	UNEXE
Peer reviewed paper	Matchmaking for industrial symbiosis: a digital tool for the identification, quantification and optimisation of symbiotic potential in industrial ecosystems	Yes		Scientific community, Industrial community, financial sector	DOI: https://doi.org/10.3389/fceng.2024.1363888 Zenodo: https://zenodo.org/records/14003130	NTUA
Peer reviewed paper	Resource Recovery and the Sherwood Plot	Yes		Scientific community, Industrial community, financial sector	DOI: https://doi.org/10.3390/e25010004 Zenodo: https://zenodo.org/records/14000655	NTUA





introduction to the co-creation decision platform (ULTIMATE research project)	Video	Yes			YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WwN9vp6fdsU	UNESE
ULTIMATE_Video_W P2_Israeli_case_study_online_demo_V1	Video	Yes		Scientific community, Industrial community	YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ody_En-c46Y	UNEXE
ULTIMATE_Video_W P2_Greek_case_study_online_demo_V1	Video	Yes		Scientific community, Industrial community	YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6SZLlerxkDk	UNEXE
ULTIMATE_Video_W P2_Israeli_case_study_online_demo_V1	Video	Yes		Scientific community, Industrial community	YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3_R5-278MYk	UNEXE
Financial data (CAPEX, OPEX) and mass balances for full scale implementations of innovations demonstrated in case studies	XLS files with financial data	No	Confidential data		Confidential data collected and curated by KWR. Summary of the Total Cost of Ownership assessment performed with these data is presented in confidential deliverable D2.2	KWR, EUT, UNIVPM, GtG, AQUALIA, GSR, UCRAN, KWB
WP3						
Deliverable 3.1 - Criteria for linking existing Living Labs to the Case Study	Report	yes		Scientific community	Zenodo: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.8060122	NTNU, WE
Deliverable 3.2 - WSIS-Living Labs	Report	yes		Scientific community	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	WE





Gap analysis and recommendations						
Deliverable 3.3 - Place by Design Playbook	Report that provides a citizen participation playbook with instructions, protocols and guidelines for designing and implementing the immersive experience	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community, social scientists, public design	Zenodo: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.8060238	NTNU
Deliverable 3.4 - Protocols and Tools for Business-to-Business Co-creation	report	yes		Scientific community, industrial community, financial community	Zenodo: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.8060479	NTNU, KWR
Deliverable 3.5 - (Preliminary) results and insights from co-creation exercises in ULTIMATE CSs	report	yes		Scientific community	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	KWR, NTNU
Deliverable 3.7 - Place by Design Playbook updated	Report that provides a citizen participation playbook with instructions, protocols and guidelines for designing and implementing the immersive experience	Yes		Scientific community, industrial community, social scientists, public design	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	NTNU
Immersive Media Experience – documentation of use cases	Text document describing the 3 developed IMXs and cases	Yes		Scientific community	Zenodo: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.14018116	NTNU





	references to the source codes					
Case Study 2 – Immersive Media Experience	Source code Water-Kennis app	Yes		Scientific community	GitHub under the links: https://github.com/senseitdeveloper/CS2 https://github.com/senseitdeveloper/CS2-iPhone	NTNU, KWR
Case Study 3 – Immersive Media Experience	Source code AR software L'acqua Per Tutti	Yes		Scientific community	GitHub under the links: https://github.com/senseitdeveloper/CS3 Files that are too large for GitHub are located at https://drive.google.com/drive/u/1/folders/1dfvko-pHJYjACE5GpVvBZLbmrLzOEQoO	NTNU, ARETUSA, CPTM
Case Study 9 – Immersive Media Experience	Source code AR software The Ultimate Life Of Water			Scientific community	GitHub under the links: https://github.com/senseitdeveloper/CS9 https://github.com/senseitdeveloper/CS9-iPhone	NTNU, Kalund
WP4						
Deliverable 4.1 - Ethical Drivers & Societal Expectations for the Circular Economy - A White Paper	report	yes		Scientific community	Zenodo: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.8073106	UCRAN, KWR
WP5						
Peer reviewed paper	Chemical Leasing (Ch.L.) and the Sherwood Plot	Yes		Scientific community, Industrial community, financial sector	DOI: https://doi.org/10.3390/resources13050065 Zenodo: https://zenodo.org/records/14000747	NTUA
Water Europe Marketplace	Interactive Website	Yes		Scientific community, Industrial community, financial sector	https://mp.watereurope.eu/	NTUA, KWR, WE
Deliverable 5.1- Short-list of synergies for	report	yes		Scientific community, Industrial	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	STRANE





ULTIMATE Cases				community, financial sector		
Deliverable 5.3 - ULTIMATE Plan for Exploitation during Project Lifetime	report	yes		Scientific community, Industrial community, financial sector	Zenodo: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.8073339	STRANE
Deliverable 5.4 - Report on customizable WSIS contracts and financing schemes	report	yes		Scientific community, Industrial community, financial sector	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	NTUA
Deliverable 5.5 - A Marketplace for Water, Energy, Materials in a WSIS	report	yes		Scientific community, Industrial community, financial sector	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	NTUA
WP6						
Deliverable 6.1 - Dissemination, Collaboration & Communication Master Plan	report	yes		Scientific community, communication department	Zenodo: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.8073543	ESCI
Deliverable 6.4 - Regional, national, industrial leadership and hubs for circularity- key actions of ULTIMATE demo cases	report	yes		Scientific community, communication department	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	ESCI
Project poster in A1 that was established to promote and disseminate the project website.	PDF file	Yes		Journalists, communication department	Zenodo: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7656490	ESCI





A call to action postcard to accompany the website launch and to promote the project at external events.	PDF file	Yes		Journalists, communication departments	Zenodo: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7614939	ESCI
Infographic Case Study 1	PDF file	Yes		Journalists, communication departments	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	ESCI, EUT
Infographic Case Study 2	PDF file	Yes		Journalists, communication departments	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	ESCI, KWR
Infographic Case Study 3	PDF file	Yes		Journalists, communication departments	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	ESCI, UNIVPM
Infographic Case Study 4	PDF file	Yes		Journalists, communication departments	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	ESCI, GtG
Infographic Case Study 5	PDF file	Yes		Journalists, communication departments	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	ESCI, AQUALIA
Infographic Case Study 6	PDF file	Yes		Journalists, communication departments	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	ESCI, GSR
Infographic Case Study 7	PDF file	Yes		Journalists, communication departments	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	ESCI, UCRAN
Infographic Case Study 8	PDF file	Yes		Journalists, communication departments	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	ESCI, IWS
Infographic Case Study 9	PDF file	Yes		Journalists, communication departments	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	ESCI, KWB
Video Case Study 1	YouTube video	Yes		Scientific community Industrial	YouTube. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kKwEg0vVhCk	ESCI, EUT, TARRAGON A





				community, general public		
Video Case Study 2	YouTube video	Yes		Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t-FcCWZO59c&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=4	ESCI, KWR
Video Case Study 3	YouTube video	Yes		Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UF1tdiRxvoo&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=4	ESCI, UNIVPM, ARETUSA, CPTM
Video Case Study 4	YouTube video	Yes		Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=saO7y-LTXCM&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=5	ESCI, GtG
Video Case Study 5	YouTube video	Yes		Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=heYzFRB8PLc&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=6	ESCI, AQUALIA
Video Case Study 6	YouTube video	Yes		Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TKcA4_UNink&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=7	ESCI, GSR
Video Case Study 7	YouTube video	Yes		Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xKVAB80JpZq&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=8	ESCI, UCRAN
Video Case Study 8	YouTube video	Yes		Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yii9lecaIKg&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=9	ESCI, IWS





Video Case Study 9	YouTube video	Yes		Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yii9lecalKg&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=9	ESCI, KWB
Ultimate Water Talks - Andrew Perkis Explains Stakeholder Engagement with Immersive Experience	YouTube video	Yes		Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nErMcc4qZik&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=1	ESCI, NTNU
ULTIMATE Water Talks – Industry Symbiosis and Circular Economy Concepts in the Water Sector	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o0xGjGSHiV0&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=11	ESCI, KWB
ULTIMATE Water Talks – Industry Symbiosis and Circular Economy Concepts in the Water Sector	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WgDDKtdKS6U&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=12	ESCI, AQUALIA
Get to know Case Study 1 – Tarragona, Spain	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kKwEg0vVhCk&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=13	ESCI, EUT, TARRAGONA
Get to know Case Study 2 - Nieuw Prinsenland, The Netherlands	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QUIYd472PSI&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=14	ESCI, KWR
Get to know Case Study 3 – Rosignano, Italy	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YPkhNtFtXYM&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=15	ESCI, UNIVPM, ARETUSA, CPTM





				community, general public		
Get to know Case Study 4 - Nafplion, Greece	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mWD9dVUcoHs&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=16	ESCI, GtG
Get to know Case Study 5 - Lleida, Spain, & Ostrava, Czech Republic	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YqSrAjdX4NA&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=17	ESCI, AQUALIA
Get to know Case Study 6 - Karmiel, & Shafdan, Israel	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fQn-DNwnkxg&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=18	ESCI, GSR, MEK
Get to know Case Study 7 - Tain, United Kingdom	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4NJbnukl3d0&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=19	ESCI, UCRAN, AQUABIO
Get to know Case Study 9 - Kalundborg, Denmark	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VbuPLF3fSsc&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=20	ESCI, KWB, Kalund
Water Europe's Marketplace - a new online platform for circular water economy	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vnIT_FNef0E&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=24	ESCI, WE
ULTIMATE Water Talks - The answer to water scarcity – Extract, recycle, and reuse it!	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ho88zjyEZfg&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=25	ESCI, KWR





ULTIMATE Water Talks – By Recycling Water We Can Reduce the Amount of Water We Draw From Nature	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JQ5PEBO7T_s&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=26	ESCI, Kalund
Ultimate Water Talks – Benefits of Living Labs and the Market Place	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KN84i6awgIM&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=27	ESCI, WE
Reusing Water to Tackle Global Shortages	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f30O4tYW40U&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=28	ESCI, UNIVPM, ARETUSA, GtG
ULTIMATE Water Talks: The Role of Policies in a Water-Smart Future	YouTube video			Scientific community Industrial community, general public	YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5hOdGDnCRks&list=PLb8wE1rKCAQfcxZbGQqnMUm7BqFmVlh0L&index=29	ESCI, WE
Policy Brief - Water-Smart Industrial Symbiosis: a key driver for a green industry	Policy Brief	Yes		Decision makers, European Commission, Politicians	Zenodo: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.13358712	WE
Deliverable 6.6 - Report on water sector and industry in Europe and beyond	Report	yes		Decision makers, European Commission, Politicians	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	KWR, WE, ESCI, STRANE
NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT Create a Water-Smart Action Plan for Closing Nutrients Cycles	Position paper	yes		Decision makers, European Commission, Politicians	https://watereurope.eu/new-we-position-paper-for-a-water-smart-nutrient-management-action-plan/ https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	WE





Water in the Circular Economy policy development Workshop report with findings from demo cases of Horizon 2020 projects	Workshop report	yes		Decision makers, European Commission, Politicians	https://data.europa.eu/doi/10.2848/092630	KWR, STRANE
Water Innovation Europe 2023 20-22 June 2023	Policy report	yes		Decision makers, European Commission, Politicians	https://watereurope.eu/wp-content/uploads/2024/08/REPORT-Water-Innovation-Europe-2023.pdf	WE
WP7						
Deliverable 7.1 Info-pack for internal communication (tools/procedures)	report	yes		Scientific community, project coordinators	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	KWR
Deliverable 7.2 Scientific quality assurance plan	report	yes		Scientific community, project coordinators	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	KWR
Deliverable 7.3 Data Management Plan	report	yes		Scientific community, project coordinators	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	KWR
Deliverable 7.4 Risk Management Plan	Report, including sample risk management register	yes		Scientific community, project coordinators	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	KWR
Deliverable 7.5 - Ethical Principles and Guidelines for Responsible Research and Innovation	Report, including sample information and consent forms	yes		Scientific community, project coordinators	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	NTNU, KWR
Deliverable 7.6.	report	yes		Scientific community,	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	KWR





Data Management Plan Updated				project coordinators		
Deliverable D7.8 Risk Management Plan - updated	Report, including sample risk management register	yes		Scientific community, project coordinators	https://ultimatewater.eu/results/	KWR

